CLOSED REDUCTION OF THE CERVICAL SPINE - PROTOCOL

Singhal Traction Bed

Review full protocol and end points prior to commencing protocol

Stage 1 – Patient positioning and Gardner-Well tong application

- 1. Complete equipment checklist
- 2. Patient positioned supine on traction bed with immobilisation collar, head support and shoulder straps secured
- 3. Hair shaved in 5cm radius from external auditory meatus
- 4. Pin sites marked as discussed with on call spinal specialist
- 5. Assemble Gardner-Wells tongs and S hook
 - a. Slide S hook onto Gardner-Wells tongs (this may require one pin to be removed)
 - b. Pins should start from even positions with lock nut on OUTSIDE of tongs
- 6. Collar removal and manual maintenance of head position by assistant or towels/sandbags
- 7. Pin site skin prepped with chlorhexidine and 5-10mL 1-2% lignocaine without adrenaline infiltrated into pin site
 - a. 1cm longitudinal skin incision made using 11 blade at marked pin site
- 8. Tongs held in position by senior clinician, pins evenly tightened symmetrically by assistant.
 - a. Pins tensioned using fingers into skull until spring loaded indication protrudes 1 mm above the surface (equivalent 139 Newtons)
 - b. Lock nuts are tightened onto outside of tongs using spanner
- 9. Patient position checked, rope run through pulley and weight spike attached
- 10. X-ray C-arm positioned and initial X-ray obtained ensuring visualisation of bony abnormality

Stage 2 – Traction application

Analgesia and sedative given as required – patient to remain able to report symptoms

- 1. Brief neurological examination with focus on prior deficits identified
 - a. Subjective report
 - b. Distal light touch
 - c. Gross finger and toe movement
- 2. Ensure mast is in neutral/horizontal position, in line with Gardner-Wells hook
- 3. Attach the wire to the hook
- 4. Initial weight: Wind on 2.5kg using Load Cell Tensioner Handle
 - a. Lift bed to full height and tilt leg end down fully (note this will apply further weight)
 - b. Brief neurological exam
 - c. Pin sites checked
 - d. Position image intensifier unit and acquire lateral X-ray
- 5. Wind Mast Tensioner Handle to increase traction force in 5kg increments every 5 -10 minutes
 - a. Brief neurological exam and lateral cervical spine X-ray at each increment
 - b. As the neck flexes, put towel under pillow to support the neck
 - c. Repeat until maximal flexion reached

Once maximum flexion reached, if reduction not achieved, wind the Load Cell Tensioner Handle at 5kg increments every 5 minutes until maximal traction weight reached or other end point Do NOT exceed traction weight passed maximum weight (50% body weight for adults, 25% for children)

END POINTS

Reduction successful

- Return mast to neutral position with Mast Tensioner Handle this will also reduced traction force
- Obtain lateral XR to confirm reduction in neutral position
 - o If re dislocated; repeat reduction protocol
- Extend neck by winding Mast Tensioner Handle below neutral position to slight extension to maintain reduction.
- Reduce traction force to 1kg per level of vertebrae above injury level using Load Cell Tensioner Handle
- Obtain final lateral XR
- Contact OCSS and continue definitive management planning

Tip to tip/locked facet joints

Undertake manual manipulations only if experienced in doing so

- Do not add further traction weight
- Undertake manual manipulations if experienced in doing so
 - Manual traction added to Gardner-Wells tongs on at unreduced facet side
 - Add manual rotating force to manual distraction force, rotating head
 40 degrees as tolerated *towards* side of dislocation

Maximum traction weight reached without reduction

- Return mast to neutral position with Mast Tensioner Handle
- Obtain lateral XR in neutral position
- Reduce traction to 1kg per level of vertebrae above injury level using Load Cell Tensioner Handle
- Plan for urgent MRI and contact OCSS
- Expedite transfer to operative center or proceed to open decompression
- · Radiological evidence of over distraction
- Reduce traction weight until over distraction resolved
- Contact OCSS, plan for urgent MRI, proceed to open decompression or expedite transfer

Neurological deterioration

- Reduce traction weight until new neurological deficit resolves
- Contact OCSS, plan for urgent MRI, proceed to open decompression or expedite transfer